## Exclusion criteria for childcare and childminding settings

Recommended time to be kept away from childcare and childminding

If you have any questions please contact your local Health protection Team (HPT)

Name: Public Health Protection Unit, Greater Glasgow and Clyde

Telephone Number: 0141 201 4917

## Main points:

- · Any child who is unwell should not attend regardless of whether they have a confirmed infection
- Children with diarrhoea and/or vomiting should be excluded until they have no symptoms for 48 hours following their last episode
- · Children with unexplained rashes should be considered infectious until assessed by a doctor
- · Contact a member of the HPT if required for advice and always if an outbreak is expected

Infection or symptoms	Recommended Exclusion	Comments		
1. Rashes/ skin infections				
Athletes foot.	None.	Not serious infection child should be		
		treated.		
Chickenpox (Varicella Zoster).	Until all vesicles have crusted	Pregnant staff should seek advice from		
	over (usually 5 days).	their GP if they have no history of having		
		the illness.		
Cold sores (herpes simplex).	None.	Avoid kissing and contact with the sore.		
German measles (rubella).	7 days before rash and 7 days	Preventable by vaccination (MMR x		
	after.	2 doses). Pregnant staff should seek		
		prompt advice from their GP.		
Hand Foot and Mouth	None.	If a large number of children affected		
(coxsackie).		contact HPT. Exclusion may be considered		
		in some circumstances.		
Impetigo (Streptococcal	Until lesions are crusted	Antibiotics reduce the infectious period.		
Group A skin infection).	or healed or 48 hours after			
	starting antibiotics .			
Measles.	4 days from onset of rash.	Preventable by immunisation. (MMR		
		x 2 doses). Pregnant staff should seek		
		prompt advice from their GP.		
Ringworm.	Not usually required unless	Treatment is required.		
	extensive.			
Scabies.	Until first treatment has been	2 treatments are required including		
	completed.	treatment for household and close		
		contacts.		
Scarlet fever.	Child can return 24 hours	Antibiotic treatment is recommended for		
	after starting appropriate	the affected child.		
	antibiotic treatment.			
Slapped cheek/fifth disease.	None (once rash has	Pregnant contacts of a case should		
Parvovirus B19.	developed).	consult their GP.		
Shingles.	Exclude only if rash is	Can cause chickenpox in those who are		
	weeping and cannot be	not immune, ie have not had chickenpox.		
	covered.	It is spread by very close contact and		
		touch.		
Warts and verrucae.	None.	Verrucae should be covered in swimming		
		pools, gymnasiums and changing rooms.		

	2. Diarrhoea and vomiting	q illness		
Diarrhoea and/or vomiting.	48 hours from last episode of			
	diarrhoea or vomiting.			
E. coli 0157 STEC Typhoid and	Should be excluded for 48	Further exclusion is required for children		
paratyphoid (enteric fever)	hours from the last episode of	aged 5 years or younger and those who		
ShigeIIa (dysentery).	diarrhoea for E. coli 0157.	have difficulty in adhering to hygiene		
	Further exclusion may be	practices.		
	required for some children			
	until they are no longer			
	excreting. Exclusion is also			
	variable for enteric fever and			
	dysentery. HPT will advise.			
Cryptosporidiosis.	Exclude for 48 hours from the	Exclusion from swimming is advisable for		
	last episode of diarrhoea.	2 weeks after the diarrhoea has settled.		
	3. Respiratory infecti			
Flu (influenza).	Until recovered.	If an outbreak/cluster occurs, consult		
		your local HPT.		
Tuberculosis.	Advised by HPT on individual	Only pulmonary (lung) TB is infectious to		
	cases.	others. Needs close, prolonged contact		
		to spread.		
Whooping cough (pertussis).	48 hours from starting	Preventable by vaccination. After		
	antibiotic treatment, or 21	treatment, non-infectious coughing may		
	days from onset of illness if	continue for many weeks.		
	no antibiotic treatment.			
4. Other infections				
Conjunctivitis.	None.	If an outbreak/cluster occurs, consult		
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		your local HPT.		
Diphtheria.	Exclusion is essential.	Family contacts must be excluded until		
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Diphtheria.  Glandular fever.	Always consult your local HPT.  None.	Family contacts must be excluded until cleared to return by your local HPT. Preventable by vaccination.		
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Diphtheria.  Glandular fever.  Head lice.	Always consult your local HPT.  None.  None.	Family contacts must be excluded until cleared to return by your local HPT. Preventable by vaccination.		
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Diphtheria.  Glandular fever. Head lice.  Hepatitis A.  Hepatitis B, C, HIV/AIDS.  Meningococcal meningitis/	Always consult your local HPT.  None.  None.  Exclude until 7 days after onset of jaundice (or 7 days after symptom onset if no jaundice).	Family contacts must be excluded until cleared to return by your local HPT. Preventable by vaccination.  Treatment is recommended only in cases where live lice have been seen.  Hepatitis B and C and HIV are bloodborne viruses that are not infectious through casual contact.  Meningitis ACWY and B are preventable		
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Diphtheria.  Glandular fever. Head lice.  Hepatitis A.  Hepatitis B, C, HIV/AIDS.  Meningococcal meningitis/ septicaemia.  Meningitis due to other	Always consult your local HPT.  None.  None.  Exclude until 7 days after onset of jaundice (or 7 days after symptom onset if no jaundice).  None.	Family contacts must be excluded until cleared to return by your local HPT. Preventable by vaccination.  Treatment is recommended only in cases where live lice have been seen.  Hepatitis B and C and HIV are bloodborne viruses that are not infectious through casual contact.  Meningitis ACWY and B are preventable by vaccination. There is no reason to exclude siblings or other close contacts of a case.  Hib and pneumococcal meningitis are		
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Meningitis viral.	None	Milder illness. There is no reason
		to exclude siblings and other close
		contacts of a case. Contact tracing is
		not required.
MRSA.	None.	Good hand hygiene and environmental
		cleaning.
Mumps.	Exclude child for 5 days	Preventable by vaccination (MMR x2
	after	doses).
Threadworms.	None.	Treatment is recommended for the child
		and household contacts.
Tonsillitis.	None.	There are many causes, but most
		cases are due to viruses and do not
		need an antibiotic.